

## CHAPTER III

### RESEARCH METHOD

In this part, it will be to examine film utilizing a woman's rights approach. There are five focuses the need to investigate the exploration. They are kind of the investigation, object of the investigation, sort of information and information source, method of information assortment, and strategy of information investigation.

#### **A. Type of the Study**

The type of this research is descriptive qualitative research, because it only using literature not using statistic. According to Strauss and Corbin in *Handbook of Qualitative Research*, qualitative research in by and large has been related with this allowance of faith based expectations. Those rehearsing subjective examination is accentuation on the human, it is interpretative parts of the world by break down social wonders and the importance of the specialist's own translations and comprehension of the marvel being considered. By the term 'subjective examination' which mean any sort of exploration that the objects is discoveries out and not showed up at by factual methods or different methods for measurement so it resembles a descriptiv about something by words (Crozier et al., 1994).

#### **B. Object of the Study**

The objects are divided into two: Formal and material:

1. The formal object of this study is feminism issue discussed in this research paper.
2. The material object of this study is *Pride and Prejudi Movie (2005)* directed by Joe wright. The film length is about 2 hour. To analyze the film, the researcher chooses a feminism approach to use and to examine the gender issues in this film.

#### **C. Type of the Data and the Data Source**

There are two sorts of information source which are expected to break down this examination; they are essential information source and auxiliary information source which is utilized to investigate the film.

##### **1. Primary Data**

The essential information wellspring of the investigation is this film . The information includes story, trademark, plot, words, expression and sentence.

## **2. Secondary Data Source**

The wellspring of auxiliary information is from different assets which are like the examination that help the investigation, there are; books, scholarly books, site, article, life story, film and virtual references.

### **D. Technique of Collecting Data**

The technique of grouping data in this study is using library research and note-taking technique. Note taking means a analyzable activity that needed understanding and selection of information and written production process . By collecting data and selecting data source are acceptable with the the objectives of the study. The steps are as follow:

1. Watching The primary data source of the study.
2. Looking for to the internet to discover another resource can useful in this study.
3. Making a notes of important data that available .
4. Arranging the data into several parts according to its classification.
5. Selecting the important and relevant part for the examination.
6. Drawing conclusion based on the analysis of the data.

### **E. Technique of Analyzing Data**

To analyze the essential information wellspring of the investigation in this film, the specialist utilizes subjective information examination as the procedure of gathering information. (Miles & Huberman, 1994) said that the exercises in subjective information examination are pointed out intelligently and occur ceaselessly until finish and exact. It has three exercises in information analysis,they are as per the following; (1) Data Reduction, (2) Data Display and (3) Conclusion Drawing and Verifying.

#### **1. Data Reduction**

This data refers to the way of selecting, focusing, simplifying, and selecting the important data to be processed. The data that has been decreased will supply a clear picture and make it easier for researchers to aimed further data collection.

#### **2. Data display**

After the data has been reduced, the next step is to show the data. It is to know the illustration about the concept data. If the patterns found have been supported by data during the study, then the pattern becomes a standard pattern that no longer changes. The pattern is then displayed in the final report of the study.

### **3. Conclusion Drawing and Verification.**

The last step is drawing conclusions and verification. Conclusion drawing and meaning from display data is the final data form after through data reduction and data display.