CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

A. Background of the Study

Sociology and linguistics (social and language); two fields of empirical science that have very close connections (Holmes, 2013: 1). Sociolinguistics examines the correlation between these social factors and language variations. Language variations itself occur in bilingual or multilingual societies in a particular area so there language deviation contains in it and this will only happen if there is interaction between speakers and speech partners. In society language becomes major tools to make good relationship amongs people, but for certain people language can be also used as a symbol or icon as a part of their community. Amongs the interaction, language will be very useful for people to express something, eventhough people will use their own language or they use other languages.

As a communication and interaction media, language can be analyzed from internal or external, it means from it phonology, morphology, or syntax (from internal) or from external from social by analyzing the new things some factors from out of its language related to the use of the language by the speakers in some social communities (Chaer and Agustina, 2004: 1). However, not all people in society understand about the theory of linguistic (internal or external) analysis on language. The most important thing is that people can use the language itself as media to present their ideas, concepts and feelings, so the society is required to use the tactful language and the message can be easily accepted by others.

There is bilingualism and multilingualism where the bilingualism as the use of two languages by speaker in conversation and interaction, while multilingualism is the act of using more than two languages either by the speaker or by community of speakers. Related to this research, researcher wants to focus on bilingualism where speaker is able to use two languages,

Indonesia as a source language and English as a target language. Bilingualism is not a sign of language, it is the quality of the language use for example Javanese people a able to speak javanese and also able to speak Indonesian language as a national language. So, on this bilingualism then appears the name of code mixing and code swithing.

According to Suwito (1983: 39), when there two or more languages are used interchangeably by the same speaker, there is language contact. So it becomes a code mixing and code swithing. In this condition there occures an intercontact between one language and another, in communication interaction. Code mixing and code switching a always attached on daily life especially in conversation. Code mixing and code switching often occur on certain situation and condition where there are some people with different ethnic, language and cultural diversity. When they involve in conversation somethimes the mixing and swithching happen, for example in a certain place like one nasional talkshow named *Ini Baru Empat Mata* hosted by Tukul Arwana.

Ini Baru Empat Mata is one of the national talkshow hosted by Tukul Arwana and becomes the best talkshow for the last two years. Tukul Arwana is accompanied with Wika Salim and also Peppy where they interview a lot of public figures (national or international), so, without hesitation, it will be code mixing appears on every conversation between the host and the guests. The house is Tukul Arwana, where he is from village and with no good ability on English, but when he interviews the guests he always tries to talk by using English (good or not good English), and the guests also gave the same respond on Tukul languages. By using Indonesian and English language at the same time and the same place, Tukul Arwana has involved code mixing and code swithing.

The following are the sample of code mixing appears on *Ini Baru Empat Mata* January, 2020.

(1/IBEM/08-01-20/Intra-sentential)

Tukul Arwana : Mimpi apa sebelum kamu dapatkan bunga bisa satu

frame sama cover boy ini?

Pepi : Ini pasti mimpi diterkam buaya ini

On the above dialogue, there is situation where tukul has selected one of the audience to be a co host. Then there is one audience named Via and she becomes Tukul Arwana co-host.

There is code mixing appears that belongs to intra sentential code mixing in a phrase <u>cover boy</u>. The phrase <u>cover boy</u> uttered by Tukul seems like the real English language, but it was not, because he said it with *kaper boy*, it is not a problem because Tukul Arwana as a comedian who has no high education. Tukul Arwana said *kaper boy* where it means <u>cover boy</u>. Cover boy here belongs to intra sentential code mixing because there is mixing appears in a sentence "*Mimpi apa sebelum kamu dapatkan bunga bisa satu frame sama* <u>cover boy</u> *ini*", (what you have dreamt before for getting this flower and become one frame with this cover boy). <u>Cover boy</u> is a phrase where in intra sentential code mixing may range form the alternation of single words, phrases to clauses within a single sentence or utterance.

There are other researches such as from Wibowo, Yuniasih and Nelfianti (2017), Wibowo, Yuniasih and Nelfianti (2017)c, Wibowo, Yuniasih and Nelfianti (2017), Hamidah (2015), Daulay and Sumarsih (2012), dan Riyanto (2010), that become the guidance on this research. Hence, there are also difference related to the problems and also the thery that is used.

The researcher uses studies as a guidance for this research. The previous studies such as; the research was done byWibowo, Yuniasih and Nelfianti (2017) entitled "Analysis of Types Code Switching And Code Mixing By The Sixth President of Republic Indonesia's Speech at the National of Independence Day". This research was qualitative research and the result of this research showed that the speech has categorized as kinds of code switching and code mixing. There were three types of code switching; tag, inter sentential, and intra sentential. In addition, there were also three

types of code mixing that found in this research. They are insertion, alternation, and congruent lexicalization.

From the above explanation and sample of code mixing and code switching, researcher is interested to analysing the code mixing and code switching on english language on *Ini Baru Empat Mata* January, 2020 Edition because of some reasons, 1) *Ini Baru Empat Mata* is one of the biggest talkshow in Indonesia for the last two years. 2) *Ini Baru Empat Mata* hosted by Tukul Arwana where he always tried to be smart in using more than one languages. 3) The guests of *Ini Baru Empat Mata* mostly from public figures, where they were often used English language. From all of the reasons above, researcher interesting to make a research entitled "Sociolinguistics Analysis of Code Mixing and Code Switching on *Ini Baru Empat Mata* January, 2020 Edition"

B. Problems statement

Based on the above background of the study, researcher focused on the problems below.

- 1. What are the kinds of code mixing and code switching used by Tukul and Guests on *Ini Baru Empat Mata* January, 2020 Edition?
- 2. What are the functions of code mixing and code switching by Tukul Arwana and guestson *IniBaruEmpat Mata* January, 2020 Edition?

C. The Objectives of the study

Based on the problems above, the objectives of this study a as follows.

- 1. To find out the kinds of code mixing and code switching used by Tukul and Guests on *Ini Baru Empat Mata* January, 2020 Edition.
- 2. To find out the functions of the used of code mixing and code switching by TukulArwana and guestson *IniBaruEmpat Mata* January, 2020 Edition.

D. Benefits of the Study

The study is expected to give benefits as follows:

1. Theoretical Benefit

This research will give contribution in linguistics study about code mixing and code swithing and all theories related to sociolinguistics.

2. Practical Benefit

a. English Lecturers

The result of the study can be useful as a material and theory addition in developing the linguistic teaching and learning.

b. Future Researchers

- 1) This research of the study can be used as a stimulus to conduct other good research related to the same object and different subject or the opposite in more details or from detail other of view.
- 2) This research can be used as a study to fulfill the final study for bachelor degree.