# AN ANALYSIS ON THE DIECTIC WORDS IN JK ROWLING'S NOVEL HARRY POTTER AND THE PRISONER OF AZKABAN



#### RESEARCH PAPER

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#### **CHAPTER I**

#### INTRODUCTION

#### A. Background of the Study

Deixis is a word which its reference always moves or change depending on the context. According to Levinson (1983: 9), deixis is a part of pragmatics that has connection with certain word or sentence, it is often caused by the change of situation including personal, time and place.

In this research, the writer focusses on deictic words. Levinson (1983: 63) identified five major types of deictic markers: person deixes, place deixes, time deixes, discourse deixis and social deixis.

Personal deixis is reflected directly in the grammatical categories of person (Levinson, 2000: 68). The basic grammatical distinctions here are the categories of first, second and third person. First person include *I, my, myself, mine and, me*. Second person include *you* and third person includes *she, he and it*. A person who speaks gets a role as a first person and the hearer as a second person. And the person or thing being spoken of called the third person (Frank 1972, 21).

While according to Levinson (1983: 62) place deixes concerns the encoding of spatial locations relative to the location of the participants in the speech. Time deixist is the reference made to particular times relative to some other time, most currently the time of utterance. The uses of the adverb of time

such as *now*, *tomorrow* or *soon*, or the use of tenses. Discourse deixis is where reference is being made to the current discourse. And, social deixis is used to code social distinctions that are relative to the participant role in social relationship between speaker and addresses or speaker and some reference

The writer finds deictic words in the novel *Harry Potter and The Prisoner of Azkaban* written by JK. Rowling. This novel tells about Harry in his third year of magical education. It is the only book in the series which does not feature Voldemort. Instead, Harry must deal with the knowledge that he has been targeted by Sirius Black, an escaped murderer believed to have assisted in the deaths of Harry's parents. As Harry struggles with his reaction to the dementors, dark creatures with the power to devour a human soul, which are ostensibly protecting the school, he reaches out to Remus Lupin, a Defence against the Dark Arts teacher with a dark secret. Lupin teaches Harry defensive measures which are well above the level of magic generally shown by people his age. Harry learns that both Lupin and Black were close friends of his father and that Black was framed by their fourth friend, Peter Pettigrew.

Here the example of personal deixis taken from the novel entitle *Harry*Potter and The Prisoner of Azkaban written by JK. Rowling.

Chap.1/p.3/par.12/Data 001

"Hello? Hello? Can **you** hear me? **I** -want—to—talk—to—Harry—Potter!"

In the example above, the reported speech of the utterance is that Ron Weasley asked Uncle Vernon whether or not Uncle Vernon hear Ron Weasley. He (Ron Weasley) wanted to talk to Harry Potter.

The deictic word I can be replaced by Ron Weasley. In that context, Ron Weasley is the speaker of the utterance. In that utterance, the pronoun I functions as the subject of the sentence because it is occurred before the predicate want. And the type of the deixis I is the singular first personal pronoun.

To find the reference of deictic words, Hurford (1994: 66) suggests to use or converse the utterance into indirect speech. The indirect speech in the example above will be: Ron Weasley wants to talk with Harry Potter if Uncle Vernon could hear Ron Weasley.

In the example above it shows the use of personal deixis that always changes and complex. The word I in sentence "I want to..." refers to Ron Weasley, while you in sentence "....you hear me?" refers to  $Uncle\ Vernon$ . Therefore, the writer is interested in analyzing type of deictic words and finds the references that are used in JK. Rowling's novel  $Harry\ Potter\ and\ The\ Prisoner\ of\ Azkaban$ .

## **B.** Previous Study

In relation to the study of deixes, there are researches on the related topics. Juliari (2007) discussed about personal deixis and clarify the reference of deixes used in English Translation of Al-Qur'an. She found that the types of deixes are singular first person (I, me, my, we, our as my), second person (you, your) and third person (them, he, him). It is also distinguished based on its function in the sentence, as subjective pronoun (I, me, and you), objective pronoun (me, us and you), possessive pronoun (your, our and my) and reflexive pronoun (them selves, yourself, himself and myself). She uses the reported speech as an instrument to analyze the data.

Then Iksan Haryanto (2008) discussed about pragmatics analysis of diexes in Jane Austen's novel. He found that there are three types of personal deixes that is used in Jane Austen's Novel "Pride and Prejudice", namely, first personal deixis, second personal deixis and third personal deixis. And also there are three kinds of the reference a Jane Austen's Novel "Pride and Prejudice", namely, the reference to first person, the reference which refers to second person, and the reference which refers to third person.

The similarly between the previous researches with the research done the writer is discussing about deixis, while the difference lies on the data to analyze.

## C. Limitation of the Study

This research focuses on analyzing the patterns of deictic words taken from the JK Rowling's Novel *Harry Potter and The Prisoner of Azkaban*. The data is taken from chapter 1 until chapter 10.

#### **D.** Problem Statement

Based on the background of the study, the research problem of this research will be formulated as follows:

- 1. What are the types of deictic words in the JK Rowling's Novel *Harry*Potter and The Prisoner of Azkaban?
- 2. What are the references of deictic words in the JK Rowling's Novel *Harry*Potter and The Prisoner of Azkaban?

# E. Objective of the study

In carrying this research the writer will formulate the object of the study as follows:

- 1. To classify the types of deictic words in the JK Rowling's Novel *Harry*Potter and The Prisoner of Azkaban.
- 2. To describe the reference of deictic words in the JK Rowling's Novel Harry Potter and The Prisoner of Azkaban.

# F. The Benefit of the Study

This research is expected to give some benefit as follows:

# 1. Theoretically

- a. The result of the study will enrich the students knowledge about deixis
- b. The result of the study will give more information to the reader about deictic words used in the JK Rowling's Novel *Harry Potter and The Prisoner of Azkaban*.

## 2. Practically

- This study will give more information to the next writers who want to discuss similar related study
- The result of the study can add the amount of research especially pragmatic study
- c. The result of this study will enrich linguistics study of deixies

# G. Research Paper Organization

In brief, the research paper is arranged as follows:

Chapter I is introduction dealing with background of the study, previous study, limitation of the study, problem statement, objectives of the study, benefit of the study, research paper organization.

Chapter II is underlying theory consists of notion of pragmatics, notion of deixis, kinds of deixis, and instrument to find deictic words.

Chapter III is research method. It present type of study, object of the study, data and data source, method of collecting data, technique of data analysis.

Chapter IV is data analysis. It consists of data analysis and the discussion. The writer will present the data analysis and discuss the research finding.

Chapter V is closing. It draws conclusion and suggestion