A COMPARATIVE STUDY OF ERROR ANALYSIS IN WRITING NARRATIVE TEXTS MADE BY JUNIOR, SENIOR AND UNIVERSITY STUDENTS THESIS

Submitted

as a Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements

for Getting Master Degree of English Language Education



By
DWI AGUNG KURNIAWAN
S200140051

POSTGRADUATE PROGRAM OF LANGUAGE STUDY
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2016

APPROVAL OF THESIS FOR SUBMISSION

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submitted by

DWI AGUNG KURNIAWAN

has been examined for all revisions and corrections recommended by the board of examiners on April 25 th, 2016 and is certified to be accepted for submission

THE EXAMINER BOARD

Prof. Dr. Endang Fauziati, M.Hum.

aminer I

ExaminerII

Dr. Dwi Haryanti, M.Hum.

Examiner III

Mauly Halwat Hikmat, Ph.D.

Surakarta,

May 3th, 2016

Universitas Muhamadiyah Surakarta Graduate School Director,

Prof. Dr. Khudzaifah Dimyati

Note Advisor I

Prof.Dr. Endang Fauziati, M.Hum, lecturer of Magister Language Study Post Graduate Program Muhammdiyah University of Surakarta

Official Note on Dwi Agung Kurniawan's Thesis

Dear,

Having read, examined, corrected and necessary revised toward the thesis of

Name

: Dwi Agung Kurniawan

Student Number

: S200140051

Study Program

: English Language Study

Focus on

: Linguistics

Title

: A Comparative Error Analysis In Writing Narrative

Texts Made By Junior, Senior And University

Students

I agree that the thesis is to be examined by the board of examiner in the Magister of Language Study Post Graduate Program of Muhammadiyah University of Surakarta

Surakarta, April 25th, 2016

Third

Prof. Dr. Endang Fauziati M.Hum.

Note Advisor II

Dr. Dwi Haryanti, M.Hum., lecturer of Magister Language Study Post Graduate Program Muhammdiyah University of Surakarta

Official Note on Dwi Agung Kurniawan's Thesis

Dear,

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Surakarta, April 25th, 2016

Dr. Dwi Haryanti, M.Hum.

PRONOUNCEMENT

I am the writer of this thesis,

Name

: Dwi Agung Kurniawan

NIM

: S200140051

Program

: Magister of Language Study

Focus on

: Linguistics

Title

:

A COMPARATIVE ERROR ANALYSIS IN WRITING NARRATIVE TEXTS MADE BY JUNIOR, SENIOR AND UNIVERSITY STUDENTS

I certify that this thesis is certainly my own and completely responsible for its content. Citation from other writers have been conducted accordingly. When there is an indication that this is a kind of plagiarism, I will accept the cancellation of my master degree given by Muhammadiyah University of Surakarta.

April 25th, 2016

Dwi Agung Kurniawan S200140051

MOTTO

Teachers open the door, but we must enter by ourself.

Increase in wisdom, in stature and in favour with god and people.

Enjoy life today, Yesterday is gone and Tomorrow may never come.

Life is not measured by the number of breaths we take but by the moments that take our breath away

Winners never quit and Quitters never win

Don't dream your life, Live your dreams!

DEDICATION

With the deep profound love, this research is devoted to:

- 1. My beloved parents, Mrs. Rumatiningsih and Mr. Ustopo, SP.
- 2. My beloved wife, Adistia Marisa, S.Pd.SD.
- 3. My beloved twin daughters, Jihana Ruwaidatul Hasna and Jihani Ruwaidatul Husna.
- 4. My beloved older sister, Puspitasari Purwoningsih
- 5. My beloved younger sister, Ade Sinta Nugrahaningsih.

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The researcher realized that this research paper has some mistakes and still has a lot of weakness. Therefore, the researcher would like to thank to all readers, if they can give suggestion and criticism to make the thesis better.

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Surakarta, April 25th 2016

DWI AGUNG KURNIAWAN S200140051

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ABSTRACT

Dwi Agung Kurniawan, S200140051. Post Graduate Thesis. A Comparative Study of Error Analysis in Writing Narrative Texts Made by Junior, Senior and University Students. Graduate Program of Language Studies Muhammadiyah University of Surakarta, 2016.

This research points out the errors analysis in students' writing and it is aimed to decsribe the types of errors found in the students' writing result made by Junior, Senior, and University students, to know the frequencies of each type of errors found in the students' writing result made by Junior, Senior, and University Students, to explain the similarities and differences types of errors found in the students' writing result made by Junior, Senior, and University students, and to investigate the causes of errors found in the students' writing result made by Junior, Senior, and University students.

There are three types of errors namely lexical error (22,46%), syntactical error (199,41%), and discourse error (100,37%). These types of errors have 13 categories of errors; 1) spelling; 2) false friend; 3) to be; 4) bound morpheme s/es; 5) verb tense; 6) articles (a,an,the); 7) preposition; 8) to infinitive; 9) modal auxiliary; 10) passive voice; 11) cohesion; 12) coherence; and 13) generic structure. There are eighteen error cases. The researcher found junior students made more errors than senior and university students, there are 91 errors sentences in junior students, whereas senior students have 43 erroneous sentences and university students have 35 erroneous sentences. The similarities of errors found in junior, senior and university students are: Omission of Bound Morpheme's/es' as the Plural Marker, Using Verb 1 for Past Event, Using Incorrect Verb 2, False Friend, Omission Errors in the Form of Preposition, Using Verb 1 after to Infinitive, Using Verb 1 after Modal Auxiliary, and Using Passive Voice Form Incorrectly. While, the differences errors found in junior, senior and university students are: The Use of Copula 'Be' Present Tense for Past Event in Junior Students, It does not find in Senior and University students' composition. The errors such as additional 'Be' for Past Event and Omission "Be" for past event that found in Junior and Senior students, but it does not include in university students' composition. The researcher found error. It is omission Errors in the Form of the Article (a, an, the) in Junior Students but It does not include in Senior and University's composition.

There are four causes that lead students to errors, they are overgeneralization, incomplete application of rules, false concept hypothesized, and ignorance of rule restrictions. For this case, ignorance of rule restrictions is the most highest cause of error that occured in the students' writing with the percentage 114,74%. The error occured because the students fail to apply the rule of grammar in target language.

Keywords: comparative, error analysis, interlanguage, grammar, writing.

Abstrak

Penelitian ini menunjukkan analisis kesalahan dalam tulisan siswa dan ditujukan untuk menggambarkan jenis kesalahan yang ditemukan dalam hasil tulisan yang dibuat oleh siswa SMP, SMA, dan Perguruan Tinggi, untuk mengetahui frekuensi dari setiap jenis kesalahan yang ditemukan dalam hasil tulisan yang dibuat oleh siswa SMP, SMA, dan Perguruan Tinggi, untuk menjelaskan persamaan dan perbedaan jenis kesalahan yang ditemukan dalam hasil tulisan yang dibuat oleh siswa SMP, SMA, dan Perguruan Tinggi, dan untuk menyelidiki penyebab kesalahan yang ditemukan dalam hasil tulisan yang dibuat oleh siswa SMP, SMA dan Perguruan Tinggi.

Ada tiga jenis kesalahan yaitu kesalahan leksikal (22,46%), kesalahan sintaksis (199,41%, dan kesalahan wacana (100,37%). Jenis-jenis kesalahan itu memiliki 13 kategori kesalahan; 1) spelling; 2) false friend; 3) to be; 4) bound morpheme s/es; 5) verb tense; 6) articles (a,an,the); 7) preposition; 8) to infinitive; 9) modal auxiliary; 10) passive voice; 11) cohesion; 12) ceherence; and 13) generic structure. Ada delapan belas kasus kesalahan. Peneliti menemukan siswa SMP membuat lebih banyak kesalahan dari pada siswa SMA dan universitas, ada 91 kesalahan kalimat pada siswa SMP, sedangkan siswa senior memiliki 43 kalimat yang salah dan mahasiswa memiliki 35 kalimat yang salah. Kesamaan dari kesalahan yang ditemukan pada tulisan siswa SMP, SMA dan perguruan tinggi adalah: Omission of Bound Morpheme's/es' as the Plural Marker, Using Verb 1 for Past Event, Using Incorrect Verb 2, False Friend, Omission Errors in the Form of Preposition, Using Verb 1 after to Infinitive, Using Verb 1 after Modal Auxiliary, and Using Passive Voice Form Incorrectly. Sementara, perbedaan kesalahan yang ditemukan di tulisan siswa SMP, SMA dan Perguruan Tinggi adalah: The Use of Copula 'Be' Present Tense for Past Event di tulisan siswa SMP, itu tidak ditemukan dalam tulisan siswa SMA dan Perguruan Tinggi. Kesalahan seperti additional 'Be' for Past Event dan Omission "Be" for past event yang ditemukan di tulisan siswa SMP dan SMA, tetapi itu tidak masuk dalam tulisan mahasiswa. Peneliti menemukan kesalahan. Pada hal ini, Kesalahan omission Errors in the Form of the Article (a,an,the) ada di tulisan siswa SMP tapi itu tidak masuk dalam tulisan siswa SMA dan Perguruan Tinggi.

Ada empat penyebab yang menyebabkan siswa melakukan kesalahan, mereka adalah overgeneralization, incomplete application of rules, false concept hypothesized, dan ignorance of rule restrictions. Untuk kasus ini, ignorance of rule restrictions adalah penyebab paling tertinggi kesalahan yang terjadi dalam penulisan siswa dengan persentase 114,74%. kesalahan ini terjadi karena siswa gagal untuk menerapkan aturan tata bahasa dalam bahasa target.

Kata Kunci: perbandingan, analisis kesalahan, antarbahasa, tata bahasa, tulisan