A. Background of the Study

Human life can not be separated from the name of the effort. What we do every day is an attempt to achieve a goal. What we do every day is an attempt to achieve a goal and the achievement of the objectives according to how much our efforts to achieve it. But, sometimes the effort in achieving something that we're going will not always be achieved. It may be due to certain factors that become barriers. At least, there have been efforts to achieve it.

One's life journey is different between one person and another. Someone there is started his journey from bitter to be successful, there is also the experience of life is started from good but in the end became difficult because of certain factors. It can tell others or share information due to experience or learning for others. But, every human being would want to live happily.

Every human being has a right in his life, whether the right of life, choosing of religion, freedom of expression, the right to seek happiness and others. When a person is in the oppressed condition, he will try to get independence because happiness is a human right. But, in reality we still often see the weak in an oppressed to get right. In obtaining human rights,
they require an enormous effort. Sometimes even they were willing to risk what they have to life though.

One of the world's literature is novel. Through the novel, someone can tell the experience in writing which can be read by others and provide information. Novel “This Earth of Mankind” is one of the most popular novels in the 70s. A country that is dominated by the colonial power, the Netherlands and Japan, respectively, in the development of Indonesian literature and culture come hand in hand with nationalism. There is a level of allure and interests of indigenous people, the aristocracy of Western-educated natives in particular, to Western institutions, cultural styles, and political ideas. Pramoedya Ananta Toer "This Earth Of Mankind" highlights the reality of the Dutch colonial government in Indonesia, which is driven by the contradiction between the desire to control the local population and the desire to bring them forward, as well as the portrayal of women in society through the lives of Minke and Nyai Ontosoroh.

Novel This Earth of Mankind is the first book of the Buru Quartet Pramoedya Ananta Toer was first published by Hasta Mitra in 1980. This book was written while Pramoedya Ananta Toer was crouch on Buru Island. Prior written in 1975, the first since 1973 has been told again to his friends.

Once published, This Earth of Mankind novel then banned a year later on the orders of the Attorney General. Before prohibited, success
with this book reprints 10 times a year in 1980-1981. By 2005, this book has been published in 33 languages. In September 2005, the book was reissued in Indonesia by Lentera Dipantara.

This book covers the period between 1898 until the events of 1918. This period is the period of the emergence of the ethical and political thought of the early period of the National Revival period. This period was also the beginning of the entry of rational thought to the Dutch East Indies, the early growth of modern organizations is also the birthplace of democracy beginning of the French Revolution pattern.

Pramoedya Ananta Toer (born in Blora, Central Java, February 6, 1925 - died in Jakarta, 30 April 2006 at the age of 81 years), is widely regarded as one of the prolific authors in the history of Indonesian literature. Pramoedya has produced more than 50 works and translated into more than 41 foreign languages.

He is active in writing until his death, although his health has declined due to advanced age and his penchant for smoking. On January 12, 2006, he is said to have two weeks lying ill at his home in Bojong Gede, Bogor, and is being treated in hospital. According to reports, Pramoedya suffered from diabetes, shortness of breath and his heart weakened.

On February 6, 2006 at the Little Theatre Taman Ismail Marzuki there was a special exhibition of the works of Pramoedya's book cover. The exhibition is the gift for Pramoedya 81st birthday. The exhibition that
is themed Pram, Books and Young Generation presents the covers of the books ever published in foreign countries. There are about 200 books that have been translated into various languages of the world.

This novel tells about Minke who is a native which studied in H.B.S Surabaya. One day, Minke challenged by his classmates, Robert Suurhof to conquer a girl who lived in Wonokromo. Robert wanted to embarrass Minke because he knew that Minke was not Europe descent. But minke did not want to be considered a coward, and he accepted the offer. Then they go to "Boerderij Buitenzorg" Herman Mellema house. This house is called grim because it is guarded by Darsam a Madura man who is burly.

There, they were greeted by Robert Mellema , an impolite Indo. Robert Suurhof went out with Robert Mellema . Then Minke left with Robert Mellema sister. She is Annelies Mellema , a girl who becomes a challenge for Minke, a girl who is really beautiful and friendly, not like her brother. Minke then introduced to Ann mother, her name is Nyai Ontosoroh . Nyai Ontosoroh a native who became mistress of the Herman Mellema . But Nyai Ontosoroh looks so educated, such as the results of the European school education. Nyai Ontosoroh welcomes to Minke.

Minke be frequently visited to Wonokromo requested by Ann. Then Minke stayed in Wonokromo after asked by Ann and Nyai Ontosoroh. Then, there is a question from society about the existence of Minke in Nyai Ontosoroh house.
Until one day, Minke was called by the Director of the School. Minke wanted to be issued because he had violated school rules. But Minke back to school in H.B.S. by assured of Juffrow Magda Peter. Finally, Minke graduated with the best grades in Surabaya. After the graduation announcement, Minke formalized its relationship with Annelies.

New problems arise when it comes a man named Maurits Mellema, legitimate son of Herman Mellema with his master's in Amsterdam. Maurits wanted to control the entire wealth of the Herman Mellema and take custody of Annelies that was considered a minor. Nyai Ontosoroh and Minke who had become Ann husband fight hard to defend what is rightfully theirs and to maintain Annelies.

They fought in front of the law and outside by seeking support from the writings of Minke. However, the court wins for Maurits Mellema. Finally Annelies taken to Netherlands without Minke and Nyai Ontosoroh.

There are four reasons why the writer is interested in studying this novel; first is because it is the realistic novel based on the true story of Minke experience. Second is because this novel tells about condition of Indonesian population. Third is because this novel contains about the effort someone who is depend the right. Fourth is because effort is the issue that can motivate the readers reflected in this novel. The first reason is because it is the realistic novel based on the true story of Minke experience. Minke is nick name of the writer in this novel that he tells his experience about his study, family and people that is around him. The
The second reason is because this novel tells about the condition of the Indonesian population. Condition that the government system is still controlled by the Netherlands. So the writer can give information to the readers about the condition of the country in decades ago. The third reason is because this novel contains the effort someone who is dependant on the right. Minke that is defend his right such as right to receive proper treatment as a human, the right to study and also the right to defend his wife. The four reason is because effort is the issue that can motivate the readers reflected in this novel. The effort of Minke that a native to get his right as a human.

The researcher uses an individual psychological approach to analyze this novel because the story of the novel about effort which relates to the right of human. By so doing the researcher gives title: EFFORT OF MINKE TO GET HIS RIGHT REFLECTED IN THIS EARTH OF MANKIND BY PRAMOEDYA ANANTA TOER (1975); AN INDIVIDUAL PSYCHOLOGICAL APPROACH

B. Literature Review

In this research, the researcher focuses on life story from effort of Minke to get his right reflected in This Earth of Mankind novel by Pramoedya Ananta Toer (1975): Individual psychology approach.

There are some reviews about this novel in website, in 2009, Auliana Sofi, had a research paper about this novel entitled Eksistensi Perempuan dalam Pramoedya Ananta Toer. The main point of her
research paper is Eksistensi Perempuan, and analyze the novel based on Feminism approach.

Then, the second reviews written by Winiarum, Fatonah, in 2010 entitled *Diskriminasi Terhadap Perempuan Dalam Novel Bumi Manusia Karya Pramoedya Ananta Toer (Analisis Sosiologi Sastra)*. The main point of her research paper is analyzing social and cultural conditions underlying the occurrence of discrimination, forms of discrimination and impacts caused by the discrimination of women based on the novel “*Bumi Manusia*”.

C. **Problem Statement**

Based on the background and previous study, the writer proposed the problem, “How is effort of Minke reflected in *This earth of Mankind* novel (1975); directed by Pramoedya Ananta Toer?”

D. **Limitation of The study**

The researcher focuses the research in analyzing effort of Minke reflected in *This earth of Mankind* novel (1975); directed by Pramoedya Ananta Toer based on an individual psychological approach.

E. **Objectives of The Study**

In carrying this research the writer formulates the objectives of the study as follows:

1. To describe *This Earth of Mankind* novel based on structural elements of novel.
2. To analyze effort of Minke to get his right reflected in *This Earth of Mankind* novel (1975) on the novel based on psychological approach.

**F. The Benefits of The Study**

The writer hopes that this research on *This Earh of Mankind* (1975) has benefits. The benefits of this study will be distinguished into two benefits:

1. **Theoretical Benefits**

   The result of this study is expected to be able to give information and contribution to the development of the knowledge, an academic reference by other researchers to conduct further research and particularly the literary studies on *This Earth of Mankind*.

2. **Practical Benefits**

   The study is expected to enrich knowledge and experience of the writer and another student of Muhammadiyah University of Surakarta or another University who have interest with literary study on the novel from an individual psychological approach.

**G. Research Method**

1. **Types of the Study**

   In this study, the researcher uses descriptive qualitative research. Bogdan and Taylor stated that qualitative research is a research procedure that produces descriptive data in the form of speech or writing and behavior of the observed. The data sources are library and literary data.
2. **Object of the Study**

   The object of the study is *This Earth of Mankind* novel written by Pramoedya Ananta Toer was first published in 1975 by Lentera Dipantara.

3. **Types of the Data and the Data Source**

   There are two types of data, namely primary and secondary data, as follows:

   a. **Primary Data**

      The primary data source is *This Earth of Mankind* (1975) novel of Pramoedya Ananta Toer published by Lentera Dipantara. The data are taken from the dialogue, character’s description, plot and all of the statements related to the problems.

   b. **Secondary Data**

      The secondary data source are taken from other sources which are related to the primary data such as books, website, journal that related with *This Earth of Mankind*.

4. **Technique of the Data Collection**

   a. Reading the novel *This Earth of Mankind* many times.

   b. Identifying the problem and to find the data. Therefore, research problem and objective of the study can be drawn.
c. Collecting some supporting data from other references related to the topic. Therefore, the problems appearing will be able to be answered completely.

d. Looking for and selecting the correlation data and theory using structural analysis.

e. Drawing the conclusion of the analysis that has already done in the former chapter.

5. **Technique of the Data Analysis**

The technique of the data analysis that is used is descriptive. The writer makes some interpretations of the novel dealing with the character from the major character which researcher wants to analyze using individual psychological approach.

H. **Research Paper Organization**

The research paper of organization of effort of Minke to get his right reflected *This Earth of Mankind* (1975) novel by using individual psychological approach divided in to five chapters. They are Chapter I will be Introduction, Background of Study, Literature Review, Problem Statement, and Limitation of the Study, Problem Statement, objective of the Study, Benefit of the Study, Research Method, and Research Paper Organization. Chapter II will be Underlying Theory, which present Notion of Individual Psychological Approach, Structural Element of the novel, and Theoretical Approach. Chapter III will be Structural Elements of
Character and Characterization, Plot, Setting, Point of View, Theme and Discussion. Chapter IV will be individual psychology Analysis of This Earth of Mankind novel. Chapter V will be conclusion and Suggestion.